

Bid Corrigendum

GEM/2024/B/4792508-C17

Following terms and conditions supersede all existing "Buyer added Bid Specific Terms and conditions" given in the document or any previous corrigendum. Prospective bidders are advised to bid as per following Terms and Conditions

Buyer Added Bid Specific Additional Terms and Conditions

1. Buyer Added text based ATC clauses

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File no:- NEIGR/S&P/R-04/2019-20/Pt V

Approved in 42nd SFC and 69 th Procurement Committee Agenda C-6/69

Scope of work & Document details	
A	Following mandatory documents must be attached in the bid document as specified, failing which bid will be treated as" non-responsive"
1	Cost of spares, consumables and accessories not covered under warranty and CMC period shall be offered as percentage value of the system/Unit in the Technical Bid Additional Doc1 (Requested in ATC)"
2	Documents with regard to Details compliance statement to be attached At " Additional Doc 2(Requested in ATC)"
3	Documents with regard to Original Literature, Product catalogue, technical datasheet from the firm/O.E.M with Highlighting as per the technical specification must attach At " Additional Doc 3(Requested in ATC)"
4	Documents with regard to list of Offering/Quoted items mentioning make, model & quantity of each items must be " Additional Doc 4(Requested in ATC)"
5	Component wise pricing of all equipment/turnkey/electrical/accessories/HVAC etc , must be submitted in the " Financial Document" .Not in technical Bid

	Any Detail price bid/Component wise pricing should not be attached in the technical bid ,failing which bid will be consider as “Techno Commercially Non Responsive “
B	Warranty and Maintenance
1	Warranty for 5 years followed by CMC for 5 years including Spares & service for all the items supplied in this particular tender including third-party items and turnkey works .
2	Mandatory 2 PMs / Year with unlimited breakdown calls has to be attended by the Bidder/manufacturer throughout the warranty & CMC period at site.i.e. NEIGRIHMS, SHILLONG.
3	Duly signed Mandatory PM reports has to be submitted periodically, failing which necessary action will be initiated as per term& condition of the tender.
3	E-bidder have to adhere to Government of India, Ministry of Finance, PPD division Public procurement order OM F.No.6/18/2019-PPD dated 23rd july,2020 inserting Rule 144(Xi)in GFR 2017 ,No 1 dated: 23/7/2020 and subsequent Orders No 2 & 3 or as amended from time to time , failing which the bids shall be treated as non-responsive.

Buyer Added Bid Specific Terms and Conditions

1. Generic

End User Certificate: Wherever Bidders are insisting for End User Certificate from the Buyer, same shall be provided in Buyer’s standard format only.

2. Generic

Experience Criteria: The Bidder or its OEM {themselves or through reseller(s) should have regularly, manufactured and supplied same or similar Category products to any Central / State Govt Organization / PSU / Public Listed Company or 3 years before the bid opening date. Copies of relevant contracts to be submitted along with bid in support of having supplied some quantity during each of the year. In case of bunch bids, the primary product having highest value would meet this criterion.

3. Generic

IT equipment shall be IPv6 ready from day one.

4. Generic

Installation, Commissioning, Testing, Configuration, Training (As applicable as per scope of supply) is to be carried out by OEM / OEM Certified resource or OEM authorized Reseller.

5. Generic

Upload Manufacturer authorization: Wherever Authorized Distributors are submitting the bid, Manufacturers Authorization Form (MAF)/Certificate with OEM details such as name, designation, address, e-mail Id and Phone No. required to be furnished along with the bid.

6. Generic

The successful bidder has to supply all essential accessories required for the successful installation and commissioning of the goods supplied. Besides standard accessories as per normal industry practice, following accessories must be part of supply and cost should be included in bid price: All the items and accessories as per Technical Specification.

7. Generic

The Buyer has an existing set up / inventory of similar products. The offered product must be compatible with existing system. The bidder has to ensure Compatibility of the supplied items or shall have to include in the supply all necessary hardware / software to make them compatible at no extra cost to the buyer. The details of items with which compatibility is required are as under: the spares Including UPS, PC, battery, Printer, Probes & upgradation of System software & third party Software

8. Scope of Supply

Scope of supply (Bid price to include all cost components) : Supply Installation, Commissioning of Goods, Training of operators and providing Statutory clearances required (if any)

9. Turnover

Bidder Turn Over Criteria: The minimum average annual financial turnover of the bidder during the last three years, ending on 31st March of the previous financial year, should be as indicated in the bid document. Documentary evidence in the form of certified Audited Balance Sheets of relevant periods or a certificate from the Chartered Accountant / Cost Accountant indicating the turnover details for the relevant period shall be uploaded with the bid. In case the date of constitution / incorporation of the bidder is less than 3 year old, the average turnover in respect of the completed financial years after the date of constitution shall be taken into account for this criteria.

10. Turnover

OEM Turn Over Criteria: The minimum average annual financial turnover of the OEM of the offered product during the last three years, ending on 31st March of the previous financial year, should be as indicated in the bid document. Documentary evidence in the form of certified Audited Balance Sheets of relevant periods or a certificate from the Chartered Accountant / Cost Accountant indicating the turnover details for the relevant period shall be uploaded with the bid. In case the date of constitution / incorporation of the OEM is less than 3 year old, the average turnover in respect of the completed financial years after the date of constitution shall be taken into account for this criteria. In case of bunch bid the OEM of CATEGORY RELATED TO primary product having highest bid value should meet this criterion.

11. OEM

IMPORTED PRODUCTS: In case of imported products, OEM or Authorized Seller of OEM should have a registered office in India to provide after sales service support in India. The certificate to this effect should be submitted.

12. Purchase Preference (Centre)

As per DPIIT notification at the time of e-tender, bidding or solicitation the bidder shall be required to indicate percentage of local content and provide self-certification (by Director/ Company Secretary) and also give details of the location, which value addition is made". Since the bidder here is not the local supplier the same was required to be obtained from the "Class-I local supplier /Class-II local supplier"

Further the details of Calculations of local content areas under:

Question 1. How to calculate Local Content?

Answer: Para 2 of the PPP-MII Order, 2017 (as amended on 16.09.2020) defines local content as

Local content' means the amount of value added in India which shall, unless otherwise prescribed by the Nodal Ministry, be the total value of the item procured (excluding net domestic indirect taxes) minus the value of imported content in the item (including all customs duties) as a proportion of the total value, in percent.

Mathematically,

Local content = (Sale price - Value of imported content) * 100/ Sale price

Where, "Sale price" means price excluding net domestic indirect taxes and value of imported content" means price of imported content inclusive of all customs duties

Question2. How to calculate Local Content in bids involving supply of multiple items from single bidder?

Answer: In case of bids requiring supply of multiple items (say "X1", "X2" and "X3") by a single bidder, the local content in the bid shall be

Local content = ((Sale price of "X1" - Value of imported content in "X1") + (Sale price of "X2" - Value of imported content in "X2") + (Sale price of "X3" - Value of imported content in "X3")) * 100/ (Sale price of "X1" + Sale price of "X2" + Sale price of "X3")

13. Service & Support

Availability of Service Centres: Bidder/OEM must have a Functional Service Centre in the State of each Consignee's Location in case of carry-in warranty. (Not applicable in case of goods having on-site warranty). If service center is not ready there at the time of bidding, successful bidder / OEM shall have to establish one within 30 days of award of contract. Payment shall be released only after submission of documentary evidence of having Functional Service Centre

14. Service & Support

Dedicated /toll Free Telephone No. for Service Support : BIDDER/OEM must provide
Dedicated/toll Free Telephone No. for Service Support.

15. Service & Support

Escalation Matrix For Service Support : Bidder/OEM must provide Escalation
Matrix of Telephone Numbers for Service Support.

16. Certificates

Bidder's offer is liable to be rejected if they don't upload any of the certificates
/ documents sought in the Bid document, ATC and Corrigendum if any.

17. Certificates

The bidder or the OEM of the offered products must have BIS/WHO-GMP/ CD
Indian certification or alternate certification as recognized by Government of
India

18. Certificates

Material Test Certificate Should Be Sent Along with The Supply. The Material
Will Be Checked by Buyer's Lab & the Results of the Lab will be the Sole Criteria
for Acceptance of the Item.

19. Certificates

The bidder is required to upload, along with the bid, all relevant certificates
such as BIS licence, type test certificate, approval certificates and other certificates
as prescribed in the Product Specification given in the bid document.

20. Certificates

To be eligible for award of contract, Bidder / OEM must possess following Certificates / Test Reports on the date of bid opening (to be uploaded with bid): All quality & electrical safety certificates .

21. Warranty

Bidder / OEM has to give an undertaking that after expiry of warranty period it will provide Comprehensive Maintenance Service for next 5 years for the ordered products at the rate not more than 5% of contract price per annum. Buyer reserves the right to enter into a CMC agreement with the Successful Bidder / OEM after expiry of the Warranty period at above mentioned rate and the payment for the CMC charges would be made Biannually after rendering of the CMC Services of the relevant CMC period. Performance Security of the successful bidder shall be forfeited if it fails to accept the CMC contract when called on by the buyer. CMC would include cost of all the spares Including UPS, PC, battery, Printer, Probes & upgradation of System Software & third party Software (Upload the undertaking). The original Performance Security of contract will be returned only after submission and verification of AMC Performance Security for 5% of total CMC value valid up to CMC period plus 2 months (if there is no other claim).

22. Warranty

Warranty period of the supplied products shall be 5 years from the date of final acceptance of goods or after completion of installation, commissioning & testing of goods (if included in the scope of supply), at consignee location. OEM Warranty certificates must be submitted by Successful Bidder at the time of delivery of Goods. The seller should guarantee the rectification of goods in case of any breakdown during the guarantee period. Seller should have well established Installation, Commissioning, Training, Troubleshooting and Maintenance Service group in INDIA for attending the after sales service. Details of Service Centre near consignee destinations are to be uploaded along with the bid.

23. Warranty

Over and above the normal Warranty terms as per GeM GTC, the successful bidder / OEM shall have to provide Comprehensive Warranty during the entire Standard warranty period as per contract. : The comprehensive warranty shall be covering the following scope all the spares Including UPS, PC, battery ,Printer ,Parts & upgradation of System Software & third party Software (Upload an undertaking with the bid confirming compliance by the bidder if Bidder is taking onus of his compliance. In case OEM is taking onus of this compliance, OEM undertaking is to be uploaded along with Bidder undertaking)

24. Warranty

Successful bidder will have to ensure that adequate number of dedicated technical service personals / engineers are designated / deployed for attending to Service Request in a time bound manner and for ensuring Timely Servicing / Rectification of defects during warranty period, as per Service level agreement

ated in the relevant clause of the bid.

25. **Warranty**

Timely Servicing / rectification of defects during warranty period: After having been notified of the defects / service requirement during warranty period, Seller shall complete the required Service / Rectification within 3 days' time limit. If the Seller fails to complete service / rectification within defined time limit, a penalty of 0.5% of Unit Price of the product shall be charged as penalty for each week of delay from the seller. Seller can deposit the penalty with the Buyer directly or the Buyer shall have a right to recover all such penalty amount from the Performance Security (PBG). Cumulative Penalty cannot exceed more than 10% of total contract value after which the Buyer shall have the right to get the service / rectification done from alternate sources at the risk and cost of the Seller besides forfeiture of PBG. Seller shall be liable to re-imburse the cost of such service / rectification to the Buyer.

26. **Past Project Experience**

For fulfilling the experience criteria any one of the following documents may be considered as valid proof for meeting the experience criteria:

- a. Purchase Order copy along with Invoice(s) with self-certification by the bidder that supplies against the invoices have been executed.
- b. Execution certificate by client with order value.
- c. Any other document in support of order execution like Third Party Inspection release note, etc.

27. **Past Project Experience**

- I. SITC AND Operations of CSSD
- II. Yearly business turnover of Rs. 2.25 crores or above for last 3 (Three) years. Chartered Accountant Certificate should be provided in support of the same.
- III. The tenderer can be a manufacturer or In case the manufacturer does not quote directly, they may authorize their authorized agent as per proforma of Manufacturer authorization form as given in the tender enquiry document to quote and enter into a contractual obligation.
The Tenderers quoting as authorized representative of the manufacturer shall all have three years of experience in the related field and should obtain documents from principals/manufacturer fulfilling the requirements in respect of condition mentioned in additional terms, taking full responsibility of technical support, service and organizational support
- IV. Based on CVC guidelines, the bidder should have Experience of having successfully completed /executed SITC AND Operations of CSSD in a hospital at least one project in major Government/Corporate/International Hospital with total gross work order value equivalent to Rs 6 crores (Rupees six crore)

s only) (certificate of successful completion and commissioning from the same project should be submitted along with the offer)

OR

At least two projects in major Government/Corporate/International Hospital with total gross work order value equivalent to Rs3.75 crores (Rupees three crores and seventy-five lakh only) (certificate of successful completion and commissioning from the same project should be submitted along with the offer)

OR

At least three projects in major Government/Corporate/International Hospital with total gross work order value equivalent to Rs 3 crores (Rupees Three crores only) (certificate of successful completion and commissioning from the same Project should be submitted along with the offer), during last 7 (seven) years' time, considering the closing date of invitation of bids of the present tender under consideration or last date of receipt of bids for this tender. The value of the executed works shall be brought to the current costing level by enhancing the actual value of work at simple rate of 7% per annum, calculated from the date of completion to last date of receipt of bids for this tender.

- V. Example/Clarification: Similar Project means for Supply, Installation and commissioning of SITC AND Operations of CSSD from major Government/Corporate/International Hospital.
- VI. In case of authorized agents, manufactures completed /executed project with documentary evidence may be considered. VII. Wherever Authorized Distributors are submitting the bid, Manufacturers Authorization Form (MFA) /Certificate with OEM details such as name, designation, address, e-mail and Phone No. required to be furnished along with the bid.

28. Forms of EMD and PBG

Bidders can also submit the EMD with Account Payee Demand Draft in favour of NEIGRIHMS EMD SECURITY DEPOSITS payable at MAWDIANGDIANG, SHILLONG-793018, MEGHALAYA . Bidder has to upload scanned copy / proof of the DD along with bid and has to ensure delivery of hardcopy to the Buyer within Bid End date & time / Bid Opening date & time.

29. Forms of EMD and PBG

Bidders can also submit the EMD with Fixed Deposit Receipt made out or pledged in the name of A/C (Name of the Buyer). The bank should certify on it that deposit can be withdrawn only on the demand or with the sanction of the pledger. For release of EMD, the FDR will be released in the favour of the bidder by Buyer after making endorsement on the back of the FDR duly signed and stamped along with covering letter. Bidder has to upload scanned copy/ proof of the FDR along with bid and has to ensure delivery of hardcopy to the Buyer within Bid End date & time / Bid Opening date & time.

30. Forms of EMD and PBG

Bidders can also submit the EMD with Banker's Cheque in favour of NEIGRIHMS EMD SECURITY DEPOSITS payable at MAWDIANGDIANG, SHILLONG-793018, MEGHALAYA . Bidder has to upload scanned copy / proof of the BC along with bid and has to ensure delivery of hardcopy to the Buyer within Bid End date & time / Bid Opening date & time.

31. Forms of EMD and PBG

Bidders can also submit the EMD with Payment online through RTGS / internet banking in Beneficiary name NEIGRIHMS EMD SECURITY DEPOSITS Account No. 30270200000027 IFSC Code BARB0MAWDIA Bank Name BANK OF BARODA Branch address MAWDIANGDIANG, SHILLONG-793018, MEGHALAYA . Bidder has to indicate bid number and name of bidding entity in the transaction details field at the time of on- line transfer. Bidder has to upload scanned copy / proof of Online Payment Transfer along with bid.

32. Forms of EMD and PBG

Successful Bidder can submit the Performance Security in the form of Account Payee Demand Draft also (besides PBG which is allowed as per GeM GTC). DD should be made in favour of NEIGRIHMS EMD SECURITY DEPOSITS payable at MAWDIANGDIANG, SHILLONG-793018, MEGHALAYA . After award of contract, Successful Bidder can upload scanned copy of the DD in place of PBG and has to ensure delivery of hard copy to the original DD to the Buyer within 15 days of award of contract.

33. Forms of EMD and PBG

Successful Bidder can submit the Performance Security in the form of Fixed Deposit Receipt also (besides PBG which is allowed as per GeM GTC). FDR should be made out or pledged in the name of NEIGRIHMS EMD SECURITY DEPOSITS Account Name of the Seller). The bank should certify on it that the deposit can be withdrawn only on the demand or with the sanction of the pledgee. For release of Fixed Deposit, the FDR will be released in favour of bidder by the Buyer after getting endorsement on the back of the FDR duly signed and stamped along with covering letter. Successful Bidder has to upload scanned copy of the FDR document in place of PBG and has to ensure delivery of hard copy of Original FDR to the Buyer within 15 days of award of contract.

34. Forms of EMD and PBG

Successful Bidder can submit the Performance Security in the form of Payment online through RTGS / internet banking also (besides PBG which is allowed under GeM GTC). On-line payment shall be in Beneficiary name NEIGRIHMS EMD SECURITY DEPOSITS Account No. 30270200000027 IFSC Code BARB0MAWDIA Branch Name BANK OF BARODA Branch address MAWDIANGDIANG, SHILLONG-793001 MEGHALAYA. Successful Bidder to indicate Contract number and name of Service entity in the transaction details field at the time of on-line transfer. Bidder has to upload scanned copy / proof of the Online Payment Transfer in place of PBG within 15 days of award of contract.

29. RELATIONSHIP CERTIFICATE in Bidder's letter Head with detail Declaration must be submitted in the following format "It is certified that I/We, the undersigned, do (With Detail name & details) / do not have relationship with any of the employees working at NEIGRIHMS. The above statement is true and is submitted at the Gem Tender Enquiry _____ Dated _____

Date: _____

(Signature) Name of the Company/Firm Seal

30. In case of need of fulfilment of statutory requirement for receipt/Installation/Operation of stores /system such as AERB clearance /approval, PC-PNDT, Clearance from fire department, environmental /Site clearance etc, the delivery/installation period shall commence from the date of obtaining such clearance.

31. In order to ensure provision of services (CMC), spares, consumables, reagents for the quoted system as per condition bidding and to ensure compliance as per the provisions of the Contract Acts as amended from time to time, a tripartite agreement is required to be concluded in prior to Final Acceptance of the system.

(C) 30. Additional Terms and conditions & Scope of Work for CMC

Tenderer/Vendors/contractor should note that the following terms and conditions will apply specifically in addition to the Rules and the Regulation as applicable to those who provide services in the Government of India.

1. Comprehensive Annual Maintenance Contract must include Labour, spare parts, Preventive Maintenance of all the excluding of battery, Accessories/Consumables
2. The terms and conditions of the tender and the agreement executed will be binding on the vendor/contractor. This offer is being issued in accordance with the terms & conditions of NEIGRIHMS /Government of India and in the manner specified herein shall operate to create a specific contract between the vendor/contractor (with whom the contract referred to) on one part and NEIGRIHMS Shillong, on the other part.
3. The required spares to be replaced must be genuine and certified from the

4. Repairs to be undertaken should be within specified configuration and maintaining the integration on internal circuit of equipment, any deviation of configuration/ specification the repair will not be

ceptable. After repairs, a certificate to the effect that the equipment is in working order and safe for patient care and non-hazardous for the handler shall all be submitted by the CMC holder.

5. Tenderer/Vendors/contractor is responsible to provide electrical and patient safety certificate after major repair of equipment which are used for direct patient care.
6. The system must be checked & calibrated after every spare changes and all service report must be submitted to the user & BME.
7. 2 nos of Periodic preventive maintenance is mandatory irrespective of urgent service /breakdown calls.
8. Same /Similar Standby system must be provided by the bidder if the system needs to send to workshop for any major repair.
9. Receipt of this offer may be acknowledged and a copy duly signed/stamped by the authorized signatory should be submitted before finalization of the agreement.
10. The Performance security shall be denominated in any one of the forms namely Account Payee Demand Draft or Fixed Deposit Receipt drawn from any nationalized bank in India or Bank Guarantee issued by a nationalized bank in India in pledge in favor of Deputy Director, NEIGRIHMS, and Shillong-793018 for an amount equivalent to 3% of the total cost of annual CMC. The validity of the Fixed Deposit receipt or Bank Guarantee will be upto 2 months beyond CMC period.

11. It may also be noted that there should be no negligence in providing services of any type, if a complaint is received the contract will be terminated with immediate effect.

12. There will be 98% uptime warranty during CMC period on 24 (hrs) X 7 (days) X 365 (days) basis, with penalty, to extend CMC period by double the downtime period. The vendor shall ensure optimum uptime of the system during CMC period, failing which the initiator shall initiate stern action, as deemed fit.
13. During Comprehensive Maintenance Contract period, the supplier shall visit each consignee's site for preventive maintenance including testing and calibration as per the manufacturer's service/ technical/ operational manual. The supplier shall visit each consignee site as recommended in the manufacturer's manual, but at least once in 6 months commencing from the date of the successful completion of warranty period for preventive maintenance of the goods.
14. Processing of bill may be considered on yearly basis with satisfactory report from the user department. The AMC/CMC bills should be certified by the concerned Head of the Department/ In- Charge, BME and the respective DMS/MS.
15. Software updates should be provided free of cost during CMC. The first service call by the team of service engineers should be within 7 days of issue of the order.
16. Settlement of disputes – Director, NEIGRIHMS or his authorized representative shall be the final authority in all disputes and decision will be binding on all concerned.
17. All other terms & conditions are as per award of contract mentioned in preface.

18. Bidders are required to sign the CMC contract agreement within 15 (fifteen) days from the issue of the letter of award/supply order, failing which EMD/currency deposit may be forfeited or Contract declared null and void.

SOP for Operation of CSSD -RCC

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CSSD OPERATIONAL TENDER FOR REGIONAL CANCER CENT

Range of STU	Nos. of Manpower	Remarks
0 - 600	5	Manpower increasing according to the workload. One year experience in the CSSD/Operation theatre
601 - 1200	6	
1201 - 2000	7	
2001 - 3000	9	
3001 Stu and above	10	

**CONSUMABLE AND OTHER :
MODIFICATION :**

DESIG

1. Electricity consumption bill.
2. Cleaning agent (High Level)
3. Disinfection agent (High Level)
4. Packing materials for Steam Sterilizing items
5. Biological testing for Steam Sterilizer
6. Process Chemical indicator tape for Steam Sterilizer
7. Documentation label for Steam Sterilizer
8. Labelling Gun for Steam Sterilizer
9. Integrating (Type 5) indicator Strips for Steam Sterilizer
10. De-Mineralized water

1. Antimicrobial PVC cladding
2. Metal ceiling
3. Vinyl flooring

WORK FLOW :

1. Receiving and Supply (Door to door and dumbwaiters)
2. Disinfection of all surgical items

3. Surface cleaning and disinfection
4. Instrument, Linen and plasma sterile items packing
5. Dressing materials making
6. Cleaning of all surgical items
7. Record keeping

CONSUMABLE AND OTHER ITEMS PROVIDE FROM REGIONAL CANCER CENTRE :

1. Compress Air
2. Tap water
3. Surgical Instruments
4. Linen and disposable drapes
5. S. S. Trays & Bowl
6. S. S. Dressing Drum
7. Instrument box
8. Gas plasma packing materials
9. Gas Plasma quality checked agent
10. All types of CSSD equipment
11. Dressing materials
12. Plasma Sterilant agent.

WORK FLOW :

Sterilization

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STANDARD OPERATING ROTOCOL FOR CSSD REGIONAL CANCER CENTER, HILLONG

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CSSD PERSONNEL

1. CSSD OFFICER / MANAGER
2. CSSD SUPERVISOR
3. CSSD ASSISTANT GRADE - I
4. CSSD ASSISTANT GRADE - II
5. CSSD ATTENDANT / HELPER
6. CSSD CLEANER

DUTIES OF CSSD PERSONNEL & REPORTING OFFICER

CSSD OFFICER/MANAGER

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- Ø Reports to Medical Superintendent.
- Ø Provides leadership and support to overall operations of the department.
- Ø Managing the activities of the department to achieve service delivery goals while effectively managing resources.
- Ø Overall responsibility for efficient running of the department.

- Ø To ensure strict adherence to laid down guidelines, standards and procedures.
- Ø Preparing plan and monthly operating report.
- Ø Developing and implementing quality standards in keeping up with current changes in practice.
- Ø Maintaining records and statistics and status of task reports.
- Ø Monitoring the departments' quality assurance, safety environmental and infection control programs.
- Ø Monitoring sterile service staff in achieving knowledge and competence.
- Ø Developing and implementing policies, procedures and maintaining quality assurance initiatives as rec by external review agencies to ensure that established HNC (Higher National Certificate) standards are maintained.
- Ø Skilled at development of policies, procedures and safe system of work.
- Ø Demonstrating professional development and ongoing education.
- Ø Proactive in health and safety identification and minimizing risks affecting CSSD practice.
- Ø Complies with policies, procedures and safe system of work.
- Ø Effective management of Budget monitoring related to CSSD activities.
- Ø High level of credibility within CSSD professionals, and other related disciplines.
- Ø To review and recommend the work procedures and practices in the department.
- Ø Has the authority to arrange for repair/conditioning of defective surgical instruments.

1

CSSD SUPERVISOR

- Ø Reports to the CSSD Officer / Manager.
- Ø Supervise all the CSSD work flow.
- Ø Primary duty centres on keeping the facility's stock of sterile devices up to date.
- Ø Maintenance of hygiene by ensuring the sterility of equipments in their charge.
- Ø Evaluation of equipment storage facilities and developing procedures to keep the equipment free of contamination.
- Ø Assign duties to staff and monitor their performance.
- Ø Record keeping effectively tracking and monitoring the facility's use of sterile devices.
- Ø Help to identify and prevent other potential sources of infection in the facility.
- Ø Educate and guide new CSSD Technicians/Staffs and trainees in performing sterilization activities and conditioning CSSD equipments.
- Ø Act as a liaison between their employer, the CSSD Officer/Manager and their staff.
- Ø Monitoring the department's quality assurance, safety environment and infection control programs.
- Ø Demonstration of departmental practices to MBBS and B.Sc. nursing students.
- Ø To sterilize items as per laid down protocol and ensure quality of sterilization.
- Ø Record maintenance for all CSSD related registers and documents.

- Ø Effective management of Budget monitoring related to CSSD activities.
- Ø Make the monthly and yearly statistics reports.
- Ø Reports all incidents and/or accidents.
- Ø Maintains inventory of Instruments and linen.

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CSSD ASSISTANT GRADE I

- Ø Reports to the CSSD Supervisor.
- Ø Maintenance of all equipments in CSSD.
- Ø Operates sterilization machines effectively and ensures equipments are appropriately sterilized for use
- Ø Disassemble, sterilized, reassemble, pack instruments according to infection control guidelines.
- Ø Monitors the sterilization process of clinical equipments and healthcare supplies to ensure quality production
- Ø Supervise at the time of washing, drying, and packing.
- Ø Records sterilizer test results, recognize faulty equipment and monitors expiry date and report to the Supervisor.
- Ø Proper handling, processing and storing sterilized items and timely distribution to the appropriate department.
- Ø Educate and guide new CSSD Technicians/ Staffs and trainees in performing sterilization activities and using CSSD equipments.
- Ø Liaise with the biomedical section with regards to regular maintenance and calibration of machines in the department.
- Ø Daily report writing and keeping all records.
- Ø Record maintenance for sterilizer and other equipment.
- Ø Demonstration of departmental practices to MBBS and B.Sc. nursing students.

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CSSD ASSISTANT GRADE II

- Ø Reports to the CSSD Supervisor.
- Ø Stationed in CSSD, but may be posted to different areas of the department i.e., decontamination, assembly, inspection, wrapping and sterilization.
- Ø Cleaning, washing and sterilizing of medical instruments and equipments.
- Ø Sort and assemble, protect/pack and label the instruments/equipments according to the checklist.
- Ø Maintain an accurate inventory of medical instruments/equipments.

- Ø Eye for details and enjoys routine work.
- Ø Comfortable with staggered shift duties.
- Ø Comfortable with handling loads/items.
- Ø To sterilize as per laid down protocols and ensures quality of sterilization.
- Ø Operates all types of sterilizer and other CSSD equipment.
- Ø Inventory of instrument tray from all wards, OPD's, Radiology and procedure room.
- Ø Record maintenance for sterilizer and other equipment.
- Ø Daily report writing and keeping all the records.

CSSD ATTENDANT

- Ø Reports to the CSSD Supervisor.
- Ø To help CSSD Assistant for proper functioning of CSSD.
- Ø Surgical Instrument washing, drying, packing etc and record keeping.
- Ø Receive dirty linen from various department and sends to the laundry unit for cleaning.
- Ø Receive clean linen from laundry and neatly arrange them on designated place.
- Ø Making dressing materials and other CSSD related work.
- Ø Surgical items receiving and dispatch.
- Ø Documentation and record keeping of received and dispatched items.

CSSD CLEANER

- Ø Reports to the CSSD Supervisor.
- Ø Mopping & cleaning of walls, racks, floor, dumb waiters, etc of CSSD.
- Ø Furniture and window panes are cleaned every morning.
- Ø Walls, lights and ceiling are cleaned weekly.
- Ø All trolleys are damp mopped every day.
- Ø The Sterilizer and all CSSD equipments are to be cleaned every morning with disinfectant solution.

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STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE OF CENTRAL STERILE

PPLY DEPARTMENT
REGIONAL CANCER CENTRE, SHILLONG

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CSSD Staff Entry
Changing Room Male/ Female

Receiving Dirty Items (Through receiving counter & door to door) **Su**
Sterile Items

s) **(Through Clean Wii**
Sorting (Surgical Instru
& door to door)

nfector **Surgical Instrument Treatment with high Level Disinfection Solution & Washe**

Checking Instrument for any defect / malfunction

Instruments Assembling
Instruments Packing/Linen Packing

n **Moist Heat Sterilization** **Gas Plasma Steriliz**

ical **Temperature: 121°C and 134°C** **Temperature: 50°C-55'**

ubing, **Quality Test: Chemical, Biological** **Quality Test: Chemical and E**

uments, **Bowie-Dick Test** **Sterilize items: Ruk**

nts, Blades, **Sterilize items: Surgical Instrument,** **Laparoscopic**

etc. **Linen, Dressing Materials,** **Endoscopic Inst**

Containers, etc. **Cathe**

Sterile Store

4

EQUIPMENTS IN CSSD

SL.NO.	NAME OF EQUIPMENTS	QUANTITY
1	High pressure high vacuum steam sterilizer(12 STU, 8 STU and 6 STU) with loading trolley	3 Nos.
2	Plasma Sterilizer(120 - 130 litres)	1 No.
3	Drying heating cabinet (250-350 litres)	1 No.
4	Ultra Sonic Cleaner (40 litres)	1 No.
5	Washer Disinfectors (12 DIN)	2 Nos.
7	Gauge cutting machine	1 No.
8	Sealing Machine	1 No.
9	Incubator (Temp.:56°C)	1 No.
10	RO cum De- Mineral Water Plant (500 litres/hr)	1 No.
11	Computer Set	1 No.
12	Sterile transportation trolley (1200mmX1200mmX650mm)	2 Nos.
13	Unsterile transportation trolley (1200mmX1200mmX650mm)	1 No.
14	Air Washer with filter	1 No.
15	Air Blower with filter	1 No.
16	Electrical Panel (300Kw)	1 No.

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Washing Double Sink Basin

1 No.

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-**FURNITURE IN CSSD**

SL.NO	NAME OF FURNITURE	QUANTITY
1	Work Table	6 Nos.
2	Packing Table	3 Nos.
3	Free standing double basket rack	12 Nos.
4	Transfer trolley with 3 shelves	2 Nos.
5	Office working chair	6 Nos.
6	Visitor Chair	10 Nos.
7	Steel Almirah	3 Nos.
8	Book Shelves	2 Nos.
9	Staff locker 5 shelves	2 Nos.
10	Computer Table	1 No.

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-**CSSD QUALITY DOCUMENTS GENERATED (REGISTER)**

SL.NO.	QUALITY RECORD TITLE	QR.NO.
1	Stock Record	1
2	Daily Report Book	2
3	O.T. Receiving and Despatch Book	3
4	Biological Indicator Testing Record Book (Steam)	4
5	Steam Autoclave Record Book	5
6	Packing Record Book	6
7	Instrument Trays Inventory Book	7
8	Laundry Record Book	8
9	Plasma Autoclave Record Book	9
10	Linen Receiving and Used Record Book	10
11	Instrument Receiving and Used Record Book	11
12	Equipment Maintenance Record Book	12
13	Instrument Trays Content Record Book	13
14	Short Fall Record Book	14
15	Condemn Record Book	15
16	QR Title Record Book	16
17	Equipment Maintenance Record Book	17
18	De-Mineral Water Plan Maintenance Record Book	18
19	Biological Indicator Testing Record Book (Plasma)	19
20	Swab Testing Record Book	20
21	Daily Sterile Record Book	21
22	Instrument Receiving and despatch Record Book (Wards)	22
23	Instrument Receiving and Despatch Record book (OPD)	23
24		

	Bowie- Dick Test Record Book	24
25	Washer Disinfectant Record Book	25
26	Heating Cabinet Record Book	26
27	Surgical Instrument Washing Record Book	27
28	Equipment Record Book	28
29	Recall Record Book	29

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CSSD Quality Documents (File)

SL.NO	FILE NAME	FILE NO.
1	Letter Despatch	RCC/CSSD2023/01
2	Letter Received	RCC/CSSD2023/02
3	Circular Received	RCC/CSSD2023/03
4	Office Order	RCC/CSSD2023/04
5	Duty Roster	RCC/CSSD2023/05
6	Equipment	RCC/CSSD2023/06
7	Annual Report	RCC/CSSD2023/07
8	Monthly Statistics Report	RCC/CSSD2023/08
9	Annual Projection	RCC/CSSD2023/09
10	Leave	RCC/CSSD2023/10
11	Charge Report	RCC/CSSD2023/11

12	Purchase Order	RCC/CSSD2023/12
13	Complain In	RCC/CSSD2023/13
14	Service Report	RCC/CSSD2023/14

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CSSD-CONCEPT

CSSD stands for Central Sterile Supply Department and forms the backbone of the Hospital with the responsibility to reprocess surgical and other re-usable instrument. A CSSD should have facilities to receive, wash, disinfect, pack, sterilize, sterile storage and distribute instruments to various respective departments and OTs.

The objective of establishing a Central Sterile Supply Department is to make reliably sterilized articles available at the required time and place for any agreed purpose in the hospital as economically as possible and in the shortest period of time.

CSSD plays a crucial role in Infection control in reducing the nosocomial infections in hospital. Nosocomial infections are also known as hospital acquired infections. Hospital infection is the spread of pathogenic microorganisms to patients as a result of the treatment or care given to them. These infections may be acquired by the patient during his stay in the hospital or afterwards. Hospital patients tend to be particularly vulnerable to infection, whether they are weakened by disease or injury or have the lowered resistance like infants and the elderly.

India has one of the highest rates of Nosocomial infections in the world. According to studies between 5-15 % of all the patients that are admitted to the hospital in India, develop infection from the hospital. A correctly designed CSSD, equipped with highly reliable equipments goes a long way in reducing and minimizing the Nosocomial infection in the hospital. In an ideal CSSD it becomes essential that correct protocols are defined and fo

lowed in order to implement the highest practices of sterilization.

CSSD DESIGN

A CSSD should be separated into three parts namely **the dirty zone, the clean zone and the sterile zone**. All the three parts should be physically separate from one another and there should be an airlock between the zones so that the contaminated air never enters the sterile zone. By strict separation of the soiled, disinfected and sterilized instrument, the idea is to permit only one flow of direction of materials from soiled to disinfected to sterile and never the reverse. A well designed CSSD is essential not only for maintaining the sterility of materials and reducing the risk of infections, but also to ensure maximum efficiency of equipments and workflow.

The instruments which are used in OT's and ICU's and various wards come directly to dirty zone of the CSSD through lift for dirty instruments where they are arranged and loaded into the fully automatic washer disinfectors. The Washer Disinfectors are double door type and they form the physical barrier between the dirty and clean zone. The instruments are then washed, disinfected and dried in the Washer Disinfector and taken out from other side into the clean zone.

In the clean zone, the washed and disinfected instruments are arranged and inspected and then packed for sterilization and then loaded into the sterilizers. The second barrier between the clean and the sterile zone consists of double door sterilizers. The sterilized instruments are taken out from the other side of the sterilizers into the sterile zone where they are stored and dispatched to the OT's and ICU's and various wards.

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OBJECTIVES:-

The main objectives of the CSSD are:

- Ø To provide the highest quality of clean, disinfected and sterilized instruments.
- Ø To provide supplies of instruments, linen packs, basins and other sterile items used in patient care.
- Ø To act as a central department with the infrastructure and trained manpower to take care of the sterilization on need of various departments and OTs in a Hospital.
- Ø To ensure that the latest standards and trends in sterilization are followed and updated.
- Ø To reduce the Nosocomial infection in a hospital.
- Ø To be able to supply the sterilized instruments back quickly and efficiently with the highest reliability to ensure smooth flow of instruments.
- Ø To maintain records of flow of instruments and technical data of sterilization and disinfection for every cycle and every instrument.
- Ø To maintain an inventory of supplies and equipments.

WORK FLOW :-

FUNCTIONS

- Transportation and Receiving
- Cleaning
- Inspection
- Assembling
- Packaging
- Sterilization
- Sterile Storage
- Transportation and Sterile Supply

1. TRANSPORTATION AND RECEIVING:

After use, for example in the operating theatre or other treatment room, the soiled materials are collected and transported in suitable containers and trolleys to the CSSD. Transportation is an important part of the sterilization

ss and should be done in closed trolleys or containers to minimize the risk of infection from contaminated instruments. Ideally, separate routes for transportation of dirty and sterile materials should be provided and the lifts would also be separate to minimize the risk of cross contamination.

2. CLEANING:

The instruments which are used in OTs and ICUs and various ward come directly to the dirty zone of the CSSD through the lift or receiving counter for dirty instruments where they are arranged and loaded into the fully automatic Washer Disinfectors. The Washer Disinfectors are double door systems and they form the physical barrier between the dirty and clean zone. The used instruments are then washed, disinfected and dried in the Washer Disinfectors and then taken out from the other side into the clean zone.

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2.1 Requirements of Washing Area:

- Facilities of clean cold and warm water.
- If the water is hard it needs to be softened or preferably de-mineralized to protect the instruments from hard ion deposits.
- Stainless steel sinks, sufficiently deep, at least 12 inches or more.
- Water, air pressure guns and water spray or shower.
- Perforated or preferably wire mesh trays.
- Cleaning Agents- Chemical/Enzymatic
- Disinfecting Agents
- Soft bristle brushes
- Ultrasonic cleaner
- Washer Disinfectors

2.2 Receiving of Used Items

- The personnel involved in cleaning must be properly attired in PPEs such as protective gown or plastic apron, cap, mask and should wear gloves.
- At CSSD, the instruments must be checked for proper count and examined for any obvious damage indicated for manual or machine cleaning.

2.3 Cleaning Procedure

- Manufacturers recommendations for operation of cleaning equipment as well as supplies like detergents and disinfectants etc., should be strictly followed
- Before cleaning is carried out, instruments that are made of more than one part must be disassembled. The parts must be tied together to avoid confusion while packing the instruments.
- Segregate the instruments, depending on the condition of surfaces to be cleaned (glass, steel, rubber, plastic etc.,)
- Pass water under pressure through cannulated items such as catheters.
- Take special care of areas which are not readily exposed such as grooves in atraugrip forceps, teeth on dissecting forceps, box locks of instruments, ratchets of handles other instruments which are made up of more than one part.
- If certain devices cannot be submerged under water they may be wiped with a detergent wetted cloth, followed by a clean cloth.
- If there is any dried blood on the instruments, hydrogen peroxide can be used as a solvent. Do not leave the instruments in it as it could be corrosive.

2.4 Manual Cleaning

- Manual cleaning is done when machine cleaning is not possible, usually for delicate instruments and tensils.
- Manual cleaning involves placing the items to be cleaned in a sink or basin containing water and cleaning solution.
- Each item must be scrubbed with a soft bristled brush.
- Drill bits and blades should be soaked and cleaned with toothbrush.
- Avoid using hard brushes or abrasive powder to clean, as the same will damage the instruments.
- Motorized hand pieces should be cleaned with sprays recommended by manufacturers, with the help of gauze pieces.

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2.5 Principles of Ultrasonic Cleaning

- Ultra means 'beyond' and sonic means 'sound' hence these cleaners make use of vibrations with frequency greater than those of sound.
- When an ultrasonic wave passes through a liquid it makes the liquid vibrate very fast. Due to this small gas bubbles develop, become larger and implode.
- This draws out tiny particles of dirt from crevices such as the hinges and serrations on instruments resulting in thorough cleaning, especially hard to reach areas where manual scrubbing would not be possible.
- It has a brushing effect, more efficient than manual cleaning.

2.6 Ultrasonic Cleaning Method

- To prevent spillage, noise and aerosol formation, the unit should have a lid.
- Recommended concentration of cleaning agent and a temperature between 35 and 50° C should be used.
- Use wire mesh trays and do not overload. The instruments tray is to be kept in a detergent bath for – 10 minutes or as recommended by the manufacturer.
- Use warm water above 40° C to stimulate de-gassing in the bath, but not more than 60°C to avoid protein coagulation.
- Change the cleaning solution whenever it is dirty, at the start of every shift or as recommended by manufacturer.

2.7 Washer - Disinfector Cleaning Method

- This equipment is programmable with respect to concentration of cleaning agent, number of rinse cycles, any other treatment post washing like use of lubricants/neutralizer, thus depending on the items to be cleaned, appropriate program needs to be selected.
- Cleaning indicator should be used to verify the cleaning.
- Here, disinfection is achieved by hot water up to 70° C.
- Temperature of water for pre-rinse, wash, post-rinse and disinfection is controlled in the machine.
- Detailed operating protocol should be obtained from manufacturers.

2.8. Cleaning Agents

- Water alone is not directly suitable for removing hydrophobic substances such as oils, fats and proteins etc. Cleaning agents like detergents or enzymatic cleaners should be used.
- Earlier soaps were used made from animal fats combined with alkalis like sodium or potassium hydroxide. These are very harsh and never used for cleaning instruments.
- Detergents lower surface tension and dislodge, disperse and hence remove soils from surface being cleaned by suspending them in a liquid medium.
- Detergents should be compatible with the equipment with which they are used e.g., foaming detergents may not be suitable for mechanical washing.
- They should also be compatible with the material being cleaned and the quality of water (soft or hard).
- Enzymatic Cleaners are biological catalyst molecules which help break down or digest large organic molecules like proteins, fats and starch into smaller ones.

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2.9 Rinsing

- After cleaning, residual loosened dirt and cleaning agent residues may be left on the instruments and if not rinsed properly, they will hamper sterilization or left over chemicals will cause corrosion.
- The instruments must then be washed by spraying or washing under running water.
- Preferably last rinse is done with de-mineralized or de-ionized water to prevent stains, rust or corrosion.
- If possible, wash instruments in their racks/holders to protect from damage as long as all parts are exposed.

2.10 Inspection

- It is essential to verify that the cleaning process has been effective in removing all visible soil from every surface (external and internal) of the instrument / devices, by visual inspection.
- When items are clean and free from dirt, soil and oil, water will run off in sheets. If the item is dirty, droplets or beads will form on the object.
- To carry out the visual inspection, it is mandatory to have sufficient illumination in the work place and if possible a magnifying lens/device.
- Reusable instruments / devices should be purchased only when assurance has been provided by the manufacturer that they can be safely and effectively cleaned and further reprocessed.
- If this is not possible, the problems and associated patient risk should be brought to the notice of the Infection Control Committee/ Microbiologist.

2.11 Instrument Lubrication

- Water soluble lubricants (instrument milk) could be used after the cleaning process.
- Lubricants which inhibit the passage of steam e.g., oil, paraffin should not be used. Steam penetrable lubricants and sprays should be used.

2.12 Drying

- After washing, instruments need to be dried as water droplets would interfere with most of the sterilization processes. E.g., in case of steam sterilization, excess water would not be re-vaporized after the process, causing wet packs.
- In case of gas plasma, the cycle is aborted if any moisture is present in the load.
- In case of chemical sterilization/disinfection residual water may dilute the agent. In this case remove as much water as you can, since complete drying may not be possible.
Drying is achieved by
- Items can be wiped with a clean, non fiber shedding cloth manually, usually followed for bigger items like basins, mayo trays etc.
- Moisture, dust and oil free compressed air can be forced over the instruments and through lumens to remove water droplets.
- Items can be dried in a drying cabinet with a thermostat and air circulation facility to maintain a fixed uniform temperature. This is the best method as it does not involve manual handling of the device after cleaning, as well as saves labour.

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3. INSPECTION:

- Every item must be inspected to verify cleanliness and also tested to verify functionality.
- The instrument must perform effectively every time it is used e.g. cutting edge and sharp, tips are sharpened, and all moving parts operate smoothly.
- When the instrument/ device are disassembled for cleaning it should be reassembled to perform the functionality test.
- The manufacturer of each instrument/ device should provide the specifications, methodologies and tools needed to perform functionality testing.

3.1 Instrument Marking

This is required to allow identification by department, specialty, set, surgeon etc.

Common methods are:

- **Instrument marking tape:** This has an adhesive that adheres to stainless steel. It is applied by hospital personnel after cleaning the surface of the instrument. It should be placed on the area that would not impede the action of the instrument of the surgeon. It is available in a variety of colours.
- **Acid based and Laser etching:** It can be done by the instrument manufacturer or the hospital. Etching should never be used.
- **Color coding and banding:** This is done by the instrument manufacturer. E.g. Ethicon Ligaclip Applicators. It eventually chips and loosens and requires refurbishing.

4. ASSEMBLING:

- Instruments which are not working should be removed and replaced. The removed instrument should be sent for repairs or condemned.
- A checklist with a signature of the person responsible for packing should be added at least in large sets. It should be signed by the person using the set and later by person receiving the used set.
- The contents of the pack should be changed only through amendment duly authorized by the CSSD -Charge based upon either verbal or written requests from the concerned users.
- The contents of the pack should be as per the user's requirement. For the same procedure/ surgery the set should be uniform.
- If due to a surgeon's preference or an unusual situation an additional device is required, this should be packed separately and mentioned in the checklist of the pack.

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5. PACKAGING:

In the clean zone, the washed and disinfected instruments are arranged and inspected and then packed for sterilization and then loaded into the sterilizers. The second barrier between the clean and the sterile zone consists of double door sterilizers. The sterilized instruments are taken out from the other side of the sterilizers in the sterile zone where they are stored and dispatched to the OTs and ICUs and various ward.

5.1 Types of Packaging Materials:

1. Linen/SMMS wrappers.
2. Paper
3. Paper Plastic
4. Sterile container.

5.1.1 Linen/ SMMS Wrappers

- Wrappers are used to provide protection against contamination as well as to serve as effective dust cover.
- They must be enough to cover the item.
- Linen wrappers are generally re-usable.
- To enhance barrier qualities, a double layer wrapper is recommended.
- Reusable fabrics should be laundered before used.
- SMMS wrapper should be 53 GSM blue in color.

5.1.2 Paper

- They accommodate small medical devices and porous or soft items (like dressing material).
- Medical grade variety (made up from virgin pulp- not recycle and without toxic adhesives in case of envelopes.)
- Minimum grade recommended is 60 GSM.

5.1.3 Paper Plastic

- Paper Plastic used for Gas Plasma and Steam they consist of one layer paper or plastic and one layer of plastic composite transparent film which is heat sealed along the lengthwise edges or tubes dispersed in rolls and reels.

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5.1.4 Sterile Container

- They come in various sizes and designs of box like structures with sealable, removable lids with perforations
- They are constructed of anodized aluminum, stainless steel, high temperature plastics or combinations of these.
- The perforations in the top and bottom surfaces are covered internally by sterilant permeable microal filters.
- These filters are made of single use material held in place by retention plates or reusable valves which allow sterilants to enter during sterilization phase and close during drying phase.
- Unless specified by manufacturers these should not be used in gravity displacement steam sterilizer
- These must have an inner tray to facilitate aseptic handling.
- In some cases, the time of sterilization and drying phase needs to be extended when these are used

6. STERILIZATION

After packaging the load is ready to be sterilized. In the sterilizer micro-organisms remaining after the cleaning process are destroyed. Their number are reduced to probability, which is considered safe : the Sterility Assurance level. A range of methods are in use, all with their specific field of application : **Moist heat(Steam), Liquid acetic Acid Sterilization and Gas plasma sterilization.** The most common and safe method used in health facilities is the sterilization by moist heat(Steam) using pressurized high-temperature steam. The machines used for sterilization with steam are known as steam sterilizers. Sterilizers should meet the stringent technical standards of performance and safety. To ensure the safety to the staff and patient, for each sterilizer used for medical uses, all processes in combination with each type of load in its packaging should be validated.

6.1 Moist heat (Steam) Sterilization

The two most common temperatures used are 121°C and 134°C. All types of wrapped Metal surgical instrument, linen, Dressing material, S. S. tray, Rubber items etc. are sterilized by moist heat (steam).

Common 121°C and 134°C gravity displacement steam cycles

Load Contents	Sterilization time(min) Temperature 121 °C Pressure 1.2kg/cm ²	Sterilization time(min) Temperature 134 °C Pressure 2.2kg/cm ²
Metal surgical instrument	20	5-7

Linen	30	5-7
Dressing material	30	5-7
S. S. tray	20	5-7
Container	20	5-7
Rubber	20	-

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6.2 Liquid Per acetic Acid sterilization

- Per acetic acid is a most commonly used liquid sterilant.
- It is powerful microbicidal at concentration less than 1%.
- It maintains its efficacy in the presence of organic soils.

6.3 Hydrogen peroxide gas Plasma Sterilizer

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Many articles which need to be reprocessed by the CSSD are sensitive to heat or moisture and hence not be sterilized by steam or any other high temperature method.

- Common 50°C - 55°C H₂O₂ gas Plasma cycle
- Gas Plasma is a highly ionized or highly charged fourth state of matter, created by deep vacuum and electromagnetic energy.
- Plasma is a state of matter in which negatively charged particles or electrons exist in an unstable and excited state.
- Generally hydrogen peroxide in the gaseous phase is used to create this plasma.
- Microbicidal activity is due to highly reactive species like electrons and ions.
- 95% of medical devices are compatible with H₂O₂ gas Plasma sterilizer.
- It has a short cycle time of 60-75 minutes.
- No toxic chemical residues, by-products of sterilization being oxygen and water.
- All types of plastics materials, all types of rubber tubings, laparoscopic instruments, blades, knives, calpels, scissors, endoscopic instruments, sharp instruments etc.

3. STERILE STORAGE

- After the cycle is over, only items that are visibly dry should be removed and are stored in a dedicated, ultra clean storage area.
- Sterile goods should be stored in the order of their date of expiry. This helps in reducing items to be re-sterilized. First Expiry First Out or FEFO method should be followed.
- Conditions and procedures should be implemented to avoid compromising the integrity of the package.
- The most important thing to remember is that sterile packages should be kept away from moisture, humidity, dirt, dust and debris.

- Outside the CSSD storage of sterile supplies is often neglected, hence it should be supervised by CSSD personnel.
- Personnel responsible for handling these should be adequately trained in aseptic procedures.

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4. STERILE SUPPLY

- Sterile items for Operation Theatres are supplied through Dumbwaiters.
- Transportation to and from sterile area should be carried out in covered or enclosed cart.
- The carts should have a solid bottom to prevent dirt entering as the wheels move.
- The top and bottom of the carts including wheels must be washed periodically.
- The trolleys should be in good condition as damaged carts can allow the entry of air due to turbulence during movement.
- Avoid contact with the sterile packs as far as possible. (i.e. minimum handling)
- Sterile packs should not be hugged, squeezed, bumped into, leaned on, or touched while counting.
- Any sterile items that fall on the floor or wet should be considered contaminated and sent for reprocessing.
- Packages should not be dragged or pushed against any surface as this could cause the wrappers to become loose or create a tear or hole.
- Do not use paper clips or rubber bands to hold packages together which can create holes/ constrictions and crease or slice through the pack.

QUALITY ASSURANCE AND STERILIZATION PROCESS MONITORING

1. Chemical Indicators

- These are substances which melt at high temperatures and are put in sealed ampoules or strips impregnated with certain dyes which change color when the required temperature is reached.
- Chemical indicators reach their end points in the form of chemical (color) or physical (solid to liquid) change.
- They monitor one or more parameters of the sterilization process.
- They show that the item has been through the sterilization process, not that the item is sterile.

Class 1

- They are external process indicators.
- External process indicators inform the user that the pack has been through the sterilization process and are often used as sealers for packages.
- The Documentation Labeling Gun is used to print date, time, cycle batch number and expiry date on every pack.

Class 2

- It is used in the Bowie and Dick test for pre-vacuum steam sterilizers.
- It is used in other specific test procedures like process challenge device.

Bowie and Dick test

- It is used only for pre-vacuum steam sterilizers to monitor vacuum level, detect air leaks and steam quality.
- This test needs to be performed for 3.5 - 4 minutes at 134 °C and 10 - 15 minutes at 121 °C.
- Should be done in the first cycle each day, after warm up.
- A satisfactory result is indicated by uniform color change on test sheet.

Class 5

- They are internal pack integrating indicator.
- They also function as integrators.
- They respond to all parameters of sterilization over specified temperatures.
- Their performance is compared to the inactivation of test organism.
- They can be used in both steam and Gas plasma cycles.

2. Biological Indicators (BIs)

- Standardized and certified biological indicators are used to monitor sterilization process.
- They ensure proper packing, loading, sterilant quality and functioning of equipment.
- They contain a certain number of spores (about 1 million) of micro-organism most resistant to the sterilization process.

Types of BIs

- The spore strip or disc is packed in vial with sealed ampoule of growth medium. These are activated by crushing the ampoule, allowing micro-organisms to come in contact with the growth media. When incubated the spores grow and cause color change in medium within 24-48 hours.
- In another method BIs employ a fluorescent light to determine an enzymatic reaction that indicates cell division is occurring. This type is "rapid readout" and results can be obtained as quickly as possible.
- Steam sterilizer use *Geobacillus stearothermophilus* as the test organisms.
- Hydrogen peroxide use *Geobacillus stearothermophilus* or *Bacillus Atropheus*.

Method of testing

- Two indicators are to be used per test, the experimental indicator and the control indicator.
- The experimental indicator is placed into the sterilizer at the place most difficult to reach. (E.g. Above drains in steam sterilizer and diagonally opposite to cartridge/inlet in Gas Plasma sterilizer.
- The control indicator is not put in the sterilizer, but incubated along with the one that underwent sterilization.
- The control indicator is expected to grow but not the experimental one.

Frequency of testing

- For steam sterilizer and Gas Plasma sterilizer, the BI should be used daily.

Shelf life

- It depends on the quality of the wrapper.
- It also depends on storage conditions

- Conditions during transport
 - o Through dedicated lifts
 - o Clean corridors
- Amount of handling
 - o Minimum handling
 - o Avoid squeezing etc.

Expiry Date

Arrangement of sterile packs should be in sequence of their expiry date:

Normal self life is given as follows:

- Ø Linen and SMMS packed trays or set 7 days
- Ø Medical grade paper packing 1 month
- Ø PVC peel pouch packing 1 year

Event related expiry: Items or packs that hasn't reached their expiry dates should be considered u sterile if wrappers are found to be soiled, torn, wet or kept in areas that are not designated for sterile storage.

Housekeeping practices (Maintenance)

- Flooring should be cleaned twice a day with High Level Surface Disinfectant.
- Sterilizer panels, unloading trolleys, pass boxes/ hatches dumb waiters, furniture's, walls, glass panes etc. should be cleaned with High Level Surface Disinfectant.
- A check list should be prepared to facilitate total coverage.

DOCUMENTATION

- Assures the monitoring of the sterilization process i.e., assures that the cycle parameters have been met, and establishes accountability.
- By knowing the contents of each load that was processed and the lot number, sterile processing personnel can determine how critical the recall is, should the sterility of the load become suspect.
- From a legal point of view, if your facility was to be sued for malpractice concerning a nosocomial infection, sterilization record can shift the burden of proof to the plaintiff.
- Remember not documented is considered as not done.
- If departments are wise, issue records are maintained, it helps in **Recall** in case of sterilization failure.

RECORD KEEPING

- Lot control numbers should be affixed on the product.
- At the beginning of the cycle, the date, time, sterilizer, operator and cycle identification should be marked on the chart.
- At the end of the cycle, the response of CI should be recorded.
- Results of BI should be recorded when obtained.
- The sterilization record should be examined and attested.
- Load record log should be maintained.

CSSD INSTRUMENT TRAYS

1	Dressing Tray
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2	Catheter Tray
3	Suture Tray
4	Suture Removal Tray
5	Perineal Care Tray
6	Bone Marrow Tray
7	Cut Down Tray
8	Chest Tube Tray
9	Tracheotomy Tray

TITLE: - DRESSING TRAY

SL. NO.	INSTRUMENT NAME	INSTRUMENT SIZE	QUANTITY	REMARKS
1	S. Steel Tray	220 mm x 150 mm	1	
2	Artery Forceps	150 mm	1	
3	S. S. Bowl	80 mm	1	
4	Dissecting Forceps	150 mm	1	
5	Dressing Material	-	
6	Wrapper	1000 mm x 1000 mm	1	

TITLE: CATHETERIZATION TRAY

SL. NO.	INSTRUMENT NAME	INSTRUMENT SIZE	QUANTITY	REMARKS
1	S. Steel Tray	250 mm x 200 mm	1	
2	Artery Forceps straight	150 mm	1	
3	Sponge Holding Forceps	175 mm	1	
4	S. S. Bowl	80 mm	1	
5	Eye Towel	450 mm x 450 mm	1	

6	Skin Towel	450 mm x 450 mm	2	
7	Dressing Material	-	
8	Wrapper	1000 mm x 1000 mm	1	

TITLE: - SUTURE REMOVAL TRAY

SL. NO.	INSTRUMENT NAME	INSTRUMENT SIZE	QUANTITY	REMARKS
1	S. Steel Tray (Kidney Tray)	250 mm	1	
2	Suture Cutting Scissor	150 mm	1	
3	Mosquito Forceps Straight/Curve	100 mm	1	
4	Dissecting Forceps	150 mm	1	
5	S. S. Bowl	80 mm	1	
6	Dressing Material	-	
7	Wrapper	750mm x 750 mm	1	

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TITLE: - PERINEAL CARE TRAY

SL. NO.	INSTRUMENT NAME	INSTRUMENT SIZE	QUANTITY	REMARKS
1	S. Steel Tray	250 mm x 150 mm	1	
2	Sponge Holding Forceps	175 mm	1	
3	S. S. Bowl	80 mm	1	
4	Dressing Material	-	
5	Wrapper	1000 mm x 1000 mm	1	

TITLE: - CHEST TUBE TRAY

SL. NO.	INSTRUMENT NAME	INSTRUMENT SIZE	QUANTITY	REMARKS
1	S. Steel Tray	250 mm x 200 mm	1	

2	Artery Forceps straight	150 mm	1	
3	Artery Forceps Curved	150 mm	1	
4	Sponge Holding Forceps	175 mm	1	
5	Needle Holder	150 mm	1	
6	Toothed Dissecting Forceps	150 mm	1	
7	S. S. Bowl	80 mm	1	
8	Eye Towel	450 mm x 450 mm	1	
9	Skin Towel	450 mm x 450 mm	2	
10	Small Mackintosh	450 mm x 450 mm	1	
11	Dressing Material	-	
12	Wrapper	1000 mm x 1000 mm	1	

TITLE: - BONE MARROW TRAY

SL. NO.	INSTRUMENT NAME	INSTRUMENT SIZE	QUANTITY	REMARKS
1	S. Steel Tray	225 mm x 150 mm	1	
2	Artery Forceps straight	150 mm	1	
3	S. S. Bowl	80 mm	1	
4	B. M. Needle	No.18	1	
5	B. M. Needle	No.16	1	
6	Eye Towel	450 mm x 450 mm	1	
7	Skin Towel	450 mm x 450 mm	2	
7	Dressing Material	-	
8	Wrapper	900 mm x 900 mm	1	

TITLE: - SUTURE TRAY

SL. NO.	INSTRUMENT NAME	INSTRUMENT SIZE	QUANTITY	REMARKS

1	S. Steel Tray	225 mm x 150 mm	1	
2	Artery Forceps straight/Curve	150 mm	1+1	
3	Allis Tissue	150 mm	1	
4	Needle Holder	150 mm	1	
5	B. P. Knife Handle	No. 3	1	
6	Mayo Scissor	150 mm	1	
7	Dissecting Forceps Toothed	150 mm	1	
8	Small Bowl	80 mm	1	
9	Eye Towel	450 mm x 450 mm	1	
10	Skin Towel	450 mm x 450 mm	2	
11	Dressing Material	-	
12	Wrapper	1000 mm x 1000 mm	1	

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TITLE: - CUT DOWN TRAY

SL. NO.	INSTRUMENT NAME	INSTRUMENT SIZE	QUANTITY	REMARKS
1	S. Steel Tray	250 mm x 200 mm	1	
2	Artery Forceps straight/Curve	150 mm	1+1	
3	Aneurysm Needle	-	1	
4	Mosquito Forceps Straight	100 mm	1	
5	Mosquito Forceps Curve	100 mm	1	
6	Mayo Scissor	150 mm	1	
7	Iris Scissor	-	1	
8	Dissecting Forceps	150 mm	2	
9	Single Hook Retractor	-	1	

10	Needle Holder	150 mm	1	
11	B. P. Knife Handle	No. 3	1	
12	Allis Tissue Forceps	150 mm	1	
13	Sponge Holding Forceps	175 mm	1	
14	Small Bowl	80 mm	1	
15	Eye Towel	450mm x 450mm	1	
16	Skin Towel	450mm x 450mm	2	
17	Wrapper	1000mm x 1000mm	1	

TITLE: - TRACHEOSTOMY TRAY

SL. NO.	INSTRUMENT NAME	INSTRUMENT SIZE	QUANTITY	REMARKS
1	S. Steel Tray	1200mm x 1000mm	1	
2	Artery Forceps straight/Curve	150 mm	1+1	
3	Aneurysm Needle	-	1	
4	Mosquito Forceps St.	100 mm	2	
5	Mosquito Forceps Curve	100 mm	2	
6	Mayo Scissor	150 mm	1	
7	Tracheal Dilator	-	1	
8	Single Hook Retractor	-	2	
9	Dissecting Forceps	150 mm	2	
10	Double Hook Retractor	-	2	
11	Needle Holder	150 mm	1	
12	B. P. Knife Handle	No. 3	1	
13	Allis Tissue Forceps	150 mm	1	
14	Sponge Holding Forceps	175 mm	1	

15	Sinus Forceps	-	1	
16	Towel Clip	-	4	
17	Kidney Tray Small	150 mm	1	
18	Small Bowl	80 mm	1	
19	Eye Towel	450mm x 450mm	1	
20	Skin Towel	450mm x 450mm	3	
21	Wrapper	1200mm x 1200mm	1	

Amendment in technical specification for Specifications for SITC and Operation of CSSD at RCC must included in the compliance report failing which bid will not be consider for Evaluation process		
GeM E-Tender (Bid) Document Number : GEM/2024/B/4792508,16-03 -2024		
Reference to representations received from various bidders following amendments in technical specification was considered for wider participation		
SI no	Tendered Technical Specification	Amended as
	Technical Specification for Steam Sterilizer (12 Stu) - 1 Nos	Technical Specification for Steam Sterilizer (12 Stu)
1	The Sterilizer should have the autoclaving chamber capacity of 900- 1000 liters \pm 3 %	The Sterilizer should have the autoclaving chamber capacity of 12stu/ 1000 liters + 3 %
5	The Sterilizer should be equipped with 134 degree Celsius pre-vacuum, 121 degree Celsius Liquid cycle, 134 degree Celsius Gravity Cycle and only for 121 degree Celsius regular cycle with 45 minutes exposure time. All these cycles s	The Sterilizer should be equipped with 134 degree Celsius pre-vacuum and 121 degree Celsius regular cycle with 15 - 18 minutes exp

	<p>ould be pre feed into the software programmed control system and should be validated as per AAMI ST 8/EN 285 /US FDA/ BIS Pressure standards /CDSCO standards.</p>	<p>osure time. exposure time. All these cycles should be pre feed into the software programmed control system and should be validated as per AAMI /ANSI/European CE /US FDA/ BIS Pressure standards /CDSCO standards/ ISO 17665-1 or latest</p>
24	<p>The jacket should be made of 316 L quality stainless steel with pressure gauge.</p>	<p>The jacket should be made of 316 L quality stainless steel with/without pressure gauge.</p>
26	<p>Steam generator should be made of 316 grade stainless steel material. The steam generator should have chloride free mineral wool or mineral glass wool thickness of 25 mm to 50 mm in insulation sheet.</p>	<p>The sterilizer chamber is completely insulated with a 30-80 mm chloride free mineral wool, encased in rigid sheet aluminium housing</p>
39	<p>The Sterilizer should have touch sensitive 7 inch LCD color display control system with battery back-up and digital thermal printer for online record.</p>	<p>The Sterilizer should have touch sensitive 7 inch or more LCD color display control system with battery back-up in both the side of steriliser and digital thermal printer for online record.</p>
51	<p>The range of safety features alarm should be audio and visual include over temperature, pressure sensor failure, phase time-out, pressure relief safety valve, doors not properly closed, power failure if more than 25 seconds, Continuous self-checking of all the safety devices, low water level, water in chamber etc. should be possible after the completion of each cycle.</p>	<p>The range of safety features alarm should be audio and visual include over temperature, pressure sensor failure, phase time-out, pressure relief safety valve, doors not properly closed, power failure if more than 10 seconds, Continuous self-checking of all the safety devices, low water level, water in chamber etc. should be possible after the completion of each cycle.</p>
61	<p>1. The sterilizer should confirm the Europe EN 285:2006 standard / A</p>	<p>1. The sterilizer should confirm to the stan</p>

	AME ST 8 standard or BIS equivalent standards for Hospital Sterilizers.	standards for Hospital Sterilizers ISO 17665-1 or latest .
61	4. The sterilizer should confirm the Medical Device Directive MDD 93/42/EEC amended by Directive 2007/47/EC.	4. The sterilizer should confirm the Medical Device Directive MDD 93/42/EEC amended by Directive 2007/47/EC / MDR Compliant.
	7. The manufacturing company should bear the ISO 9001:2008.	7. The manufacturing company should bear the ISO 13485:2016+A11:2021 or latest
	8. The manufacturing company should bear the Quality Management System, ISO13683:2003 or ISO 13485:2003 for Medical Devices	Deleted
	9. The manufacturing company should bear the EN ISO 14001:2004.	Deleted
62	The manufacturing firm should have direct operations in India with own trained service set up, engineers to ensure service backup, in time quality services, instant availability of spares or the dealer should have own trained service engineers / technicians to ensure service backup, in time quality services, instant availability of spares	The manufacturing or its Authorised distributor should have direct operations in India with own trained service set up, engineers to ensure service backup, in time quality services, instant availability of spares or the dealer should have own trained service engineers / technicians to ensure service backup, in time quality services, instant availability of spares. In case of authorised distributor, Manufacturer's undertaking must be attached with regard to compliance of all terms and conditions of the tender including service provision through out the warranty and CMC period , in case of change in authorised distributors /a

		authorized distributor failed to provide services as per the terms and conditions .
65	The Sterilizer should have electronic water saving control or eco water recirculation system for external cooling condenser for condensing the exhaust chamber steam to acceptable temperature to reuse in the internal system & ensure the quoted system should be a least water consumption model & specify the water consumption	The Sterilizer should have electronic water saving control or eco water recirculation system for external cooling condenser for condensing the exhaust chamber steam to acceptable temperature to reuse in the internal system & ensure the quoted system should be a least water consumption model & specify the water consumption ,Bidder need to do necessary arrangement for the same.
70.2	5.The equipment complies with the requirement of the Medical Device Directive of class I equipment and Electromagnetic compatibility; all supporting documents must be provided .	5.The equipment complies with the requirement of the Medical Device Directive of class I equipment , MDR compliant and Electromagnetic compatibility; all supporting documents must be provided.
	2.Standards, Safety and Training	
	1.Should be Europe EN 285:2006 standard / AAME ST 8 standard or BIS equivalent standards	1.Should be AAMI /ANSI/European CE /US FDA / BIS Pressure standards /CDSCO standards/ ISO 17665-1 or latest
	Electrical safety conforms to standards for electrical safety IEC 60601- 1 (Or equivalent International / National standard) general requirement for Electrical safety of Medical equipment.	Electrical safety conforms to standards for electrical safety IEC 60601- 1 or latest (Or equivalent International / National standard) general requirement for Electrical safety of Medical equipment.
Technical Specification for Steam Sterili		Technical Specificat

Sterilizer (8 Stu) - 2 Nos		Requirement for Steam Sterilizer (8 Stu)
1	The Sterilizer should have the autoclaving chamber capacity of 550-600 liters \pm 3 %	The Sterilizer should have the autoclaving chamber capacity of 8 stu / 600 liters + 3 %
5	The Sterilizer should be equipped with 134 degree Celsius pre-vacuum, 121 degree Celsius Liquid cycle, 134 degree Celsius Gravity Cycle and only for 121 degree Celsius regular cycle with 45 minutes exposure time. All these cycles should be pre feed into the software programmed control system and should be validated as per AAMI ST 8/EN 285 /US FDA/ BIS Pressure standards /CDSCO standards.	The Sterilizer should be equipped with 134 degree Celsius pre-vacuum and 121 degree Celsius regular cycle with 15 - 18 minutes exposure time. All these cycles should be pre feed into the software programmed control system and should be validated as per AAMI /ANSI/European CE /US FDA/ BIS Pressure standards /CDSCO standards/ ISO 17665-1 or latest
24	The jacket should be made of 316 L quality stainless steel with pressure gauge.	The jacket should be made of 316 L quality stainless steel without pressure gauge.
26	Steam generator should be made of 316 grade stainless steel material. The steam generator should have chloride free mineral wool or mineral glass wool thickness of 25 mm to 50 mm in insulation sheet.	The sterilizer chamber is completely insulated with a 30-80 mm chloride free mineral wool, encased in rigid sheet aluminium housing
39	The Sterilizer should have touch sensitive 7 inch LCD colour display control system with battery back-up and digital thermal printer for online record.	The Sterilizer should have touch sensitive 7 inch or more LCD colour display control system with battery back-up in both the side of steriliser and digital thermal printer for online record.
51	The range of safety features alarm should be audio and visual include over temperature, pressure sensor failure, phase time-out, pressure relief safety	The range of safety features alarm should be audio and visual include over temperature,

	<p>y valve, doors not properly closed, power failure if more than 25 seconds, Continuous self-checking of all the safety devices, low water level, water in chamber etc. should be possible after the completion of each cycle.</p>	<p>pressure sensor failure, phase time-out, pressure relief safety valve, doors not properly closed, power failure if more than 10 seconds, Continuous self-checking of all the safety devices, low water level, water in chamber etc. should be possible after the completion of each cycle.</p>
61	<p>1. The sterilizer should confirm the Europe EN 285:2006 standard / AAME ST 8 standard or BIS equivalent standards for Hospital Sterilizers.</p>	<p>1. The sterilizer should confirm to the standards for Hospital Sterilizers ISO 17665-1 or latest.</p>
61	<p>4. The sterilizer should confirm the Medical Device Directive MDD 93/42/EEC amended by Directive 2007/47/EC.</p>	<p>4. The sterilizer should confirm the Medical Device Directive MDD 93/42/EEC amended by Directive 2007/47/EC / MDR Compliant.</p>
	<p>7. The manufacturing company should bear the ISO 9001:2008.</p>	<p>7. The manufacturing company should bear the ISO 13485:2016 +A11:2021 or latest</p>
	<p>8. The manufacturing company should bear the Quality Management System, ISO13683:2003 or ISO 13485:2003 for Medical Devices</p>	<p>Deleted</p>
	<p>9. The manufacturing company should bear the EN ISO 14001:2004.</p>	<p>Deleted</p>
	<p>The manufacturing firm should have direct operations in India with own trained service set up, engineers to ensure service backup, in time quality services, instant availability of spares or the dealer should have own trained service engineers / technicians to ensure service backup, in time quality services, instant availability of spares</p>	<p>The manufacturing or its Authorised distributor should have direct operations in India with own trained service set up, engineers to ensure service backup, in time quality services, instant availability of spares or the dealer should have own trained service engineers / technicians to ensure</p>

62		service backup, in time quality services, instant availability of spares. In case of authorised distributor, Manufacturer undertaking must be attached with regard to compliance of all terms and conditions of the tender including service provision through out the warranty and CMC period , in case of change in authorised distributors /authorised distributor failed to provide services as per the terms and conditions .
65	The Sterilizer should have electronic water saving control or eco water recirculation system for external cooling condenser for condensing the exhaust chamber steam to acceptable temperature to reuse in the internal system & ensure the quoted system should be a least water consumption model & specify the water consumption	The Sterilizer should have electronic water saving control or eco water recirculation system for external cooling condenser for condensing the exhaust chamber steam to acceptable temperature to reuse in the internal system & ensure the quoted system should be a least water consumption model & specify the water consumption ,Bidder need to do necessary arrangement for the same.
70.2	5.The equipment complies with the requirement of the Medical Device Directive of class I equipment and Electromagnetic compatibility; all supporting documents must be provided .	5.The equipment complies with the requirement of the Medical Device Directive of class I equipment , MDR compliant and Electromagnetic compatibility; all supporting documents must be provided.
	2.Standards, Safety and Training	
	1.Should be Europe EN 285:2006 standard / AAME ST 8 standard or BIS equivalent	1.Should be AAMI /ANSI/European CE /US FDA

	lent standards	/ BIS Pressure standards /CDSCO standards/ ISO 17665-1 or latest
	Electrical safety conforms to standards for electrical safety IEC 60601- 1 (Or equivalent International / National standard) general requirement for Electrical safety of Medical equipment.	Electrical safety conforms to standards for electrical safety IEC 60601- 1 or latest (Or equivalent International / National standard) general requirement for Electrical safety of Medical equipment.
Technical Specification for Washer disinfectors minimum 12DIN or more with accessories		
	Data interface RS232 should be available.	Data interface RS232/LAN /USB port/ Wifi /Bluetooth should be available.
	The washer should have 3 dosing pump (detergent, alkaline & lubrication) for process chemicals, instrument lubricants/ enzymatic cleaners.	The washer should have 3 dosing pump (detergent, alkaline & lubrication) for process chemicals, instrument lubricants/ enzymatic cleaners with facility of automatic dosing to ensure consistent detergent dilution without overdosing
	Disinfection with hot water (85C)	Disinfection with hot water (90 deg C)
	Electronic adjustment of water level.	Electronic adjustment of water level with dynamic water filling option as per the load
	The washer disinfectors shall be supplied with universal rack, minimum 4 level racks for instrument tray, full size instrument tray as well as stop valves, anti-suction device and plastic water trap.	The washer disinfectors shall be supplied with universal rack, minimum 6 level racks for instrument tray, full size instrument tray as well as stop valves, anti-suction device and plastic water trap.

Technical Specification for Drying cabinet -2nos	
The Dying Cabinet should be ISO & European CE/US FDA certified.	The Dying Cabinet should be ISO & European CE/US FDA /CDSCO certified.
Should have indirect UV air treatment during whole cycle.	Should have indirect UV air treatment or should have in built electric precipitator (electrostatic filter) for cleaning of the incoming air. during whole cycle.
The drying cabinet should have HEPA filtration on drying circuit and also should have monitoring of HEPA filters and indicators when replacement required.	The drying cabinet should have HEPA filtration on drying circuit and also should have monitoring of HEPA filters and indicators when replacement required or should have in built electric precipitator (electrostatic filter) for cleaning of the incoming air.
600 - 700 litre chamber capacity.	300±3% litre chamber capacity.
Technical Specification for Automated Heat Sealing Machine-2nos	
The warm-up time should not exceed 30 seconds, and the feed speed should be approx. 10 m/min.	The warm-up time should not exceed 180 seconds, and the feed speed should be approx. 10 m/min.
CSSD equipment monitoring software & computer systems	
It should allow the user to monitor using a Computer/ Tablet real time status and sterilization linked parameters (temperature, pressure, cycle time, steam saturation, etc) of steam sterilizer and washer disinfector including numeric and pictorial data of all indicator (physic	It should allow the user to monitor using a computer /Tablet real time status and sterilization linked parameters (temperature, pressure, cycle time

	<p>al, biological, chemical, etc) results. There should be a visual dashboard displaying the above parameters on a real time basis and historical trend analysis/ logs as per requirement for a minimum of past 3 years. It should also be possible to print the data including trend analysis for these parameters if required.</p> <p>There should be a facility for the user to remotely login and view the said data if required.</p>	<p>, steam saturation, etc) of steam sterilizer and washer disinfectant including post-process result (pass/fail) all indicator (physical, biological, chemical, etc) results. There should be a visual dashboard displaying the above parameters on a real time basis and historical trend analysis / logs as per requirement for a minimum of past 3 years. It should also be possible to print the data including trend analysis for these parameters if required. There should be a facility for the user to remotely login and view the said data if required and if permissible by hospital IT policy.</p>
	<p>The system should be able to log steam sterilizer and washer disinfectant uptime/downtime and should enable fault detection for easy troubleshooting.</p>	<p>The system should be able to log Steam Sterilizer and Washer Disinfectant uptime/ downtime and should help/aid fault detection for easy troubleshooting</p>
	<p>8. List of items and suggested manufacturers</p>	
	<p>vi. FURNITURE - Hermen Miller , Godrej , Featherlite, Wipro</p>	<p>vi. FURNITURE - Hermen Miller , Godrej , Featherlite, Wipro, Nilkamal/ Equivalent brand with BIFMA certification</p>
	<p><u>22. Documentation:</u></p>	
	<p>3. Cost of spare parts, consumables and accessories(Gasket,PM kit for all the systems etc...) which are not covered under warranty & CMC period has t</p>	<p>3. Cost of consumables and accessories(Gasket,PM kit for all the systems etc</p>

	<p>o quote in schedule XI as percentage value in the Technical Bid, or else will be consider to be coveras FOC throughout the warranty & CMC period.</p>	<p>) which are not covered under warranty & CMC period has to quote in ATC 1 & financial document as percentage value Of the final price quoted for the same item in the price bid BOQ , or else will be consider to be cover as FOC(Free of Cost) throughout the warranty & CMC period. Spares must be included in the warranty & CMC</p>
<p>*All the items to be quoted as per price bid BOQ and furniture as per the BOQ CSSD- RCC NEIGRIHMS</p>		

2. Buyer uploaded ATC document [Click here to view the file.](#)

Disclaimer

The additional terms and conditions have been incorporated by the Buyer after approval of the Competent Authority Buyer Organization, whereby Buyer organization is solely responsible for the impact of these clauses on the bidding process, its outcome, and consequences thereof including any eccentricity / restriction arising in the bidding process to these ATCs and due to modification of technical specifications and / or terms and conditions governing the bid. If clause(s) is / are incorporated by the Buyer regarding following, the bid and resultant contracts shall be treated as null and void and such bids may be cancelled by GeM at any stage of bidding process without any notice:-

1. Definition of Class I and Class II suppliers in the bid not in line with the extant Order / Office Memorandum issued by DPIIT in this regard.
2. Seeking EMD submission from bidder(s), including via Additional Terms & Conditions, in contravention to exemption provided to such sellers under GeM GTC.
3. Publishing Custom / BOQ bids for items for which regular GeM categories are available without any Category / Item bunched with it.
4. Creating BoQ bid for single item.
5. Mentioning specific Brand or Make or Model or Manufacturer or Dealer name.
6. Mandating submission of documents in physical form as a pre-requisite to qualify bidders.
7. Floating / creation of work contracts as Custom Bids in Services.
8. Seeking sample with bid or approval of samples during bid evaluation process. (However, in bids for [attached categories](#), trials are allowed as per approved procurement policy of the buyer nodal Ministries)
9. Mandating foreign / international certifications even in case of existence of Indian Standards without specifying equivalent Indian Certification / standards.
10. Seeking experience from specific organization / department / institute only or from foreign / export experience.
11. Creating bid for items from irrelevant categories.
12. Incorporating any clause against the MSME policy and Preference to Make in India Policy.
13. Reference of conditions published on any external site or reference to external documents/clauses.
14. Asking for any Tender fee / Bid Participation fee / Auction fee in case of Bids / Forward Auction, as the case may be.

Further, if any seller has any objection/grievance against these additional clauses or otherwise on any aspect of this they can raise their representation against the same by using the Representation window provided in the bid details

in Seller dashboard after logging in as a seller within 4 days of bid publication on GeM. Buyer is duty bound to reply to such representations and would not be allowed to open bids if he fails to reply to such representations.

*This document shall overwrite all previous versions of Bid Specific Additional Terms and Conditions.

[This Bid is also governed by the General Terms and Conditions](#)